

5 reasons why a 'smart growth' policy is needed in Latin America and the Caribbean

Andres G Blanco
Urban Development and Housing
Inter-American Development Bank

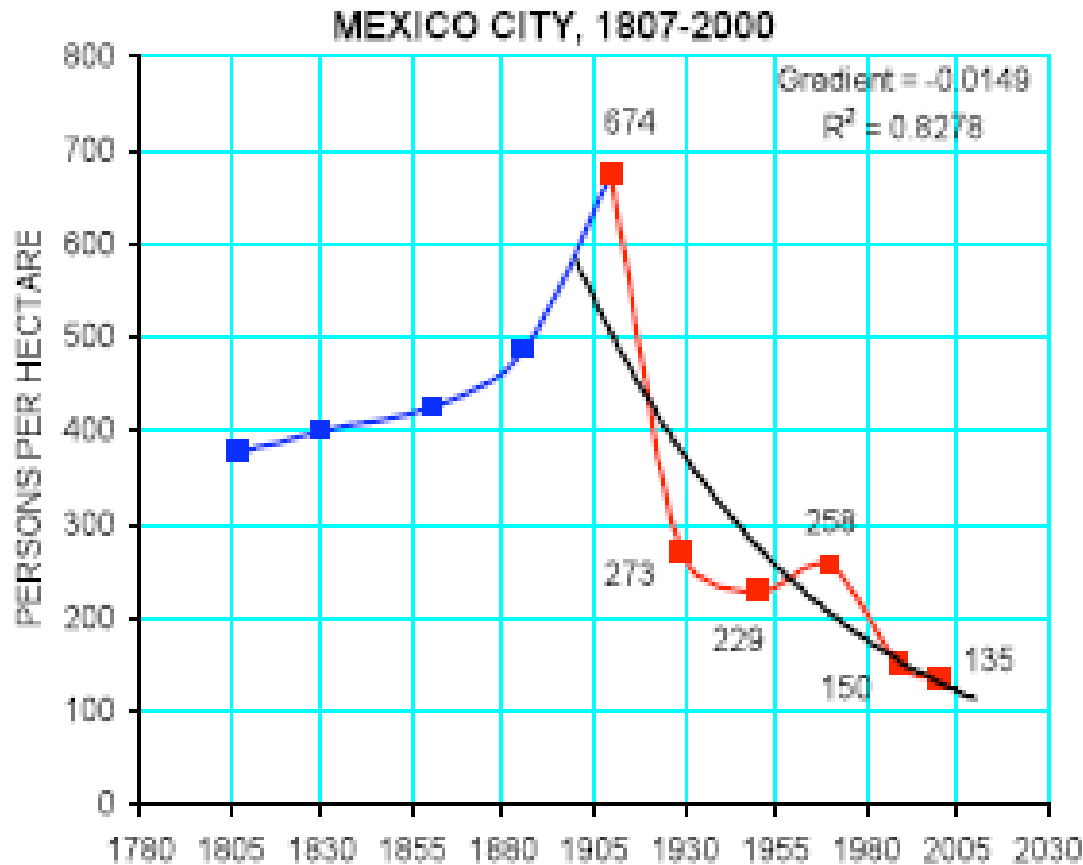
ablanco@iadb.org

May 2014



1. Urban densities have been decreasing in the region...

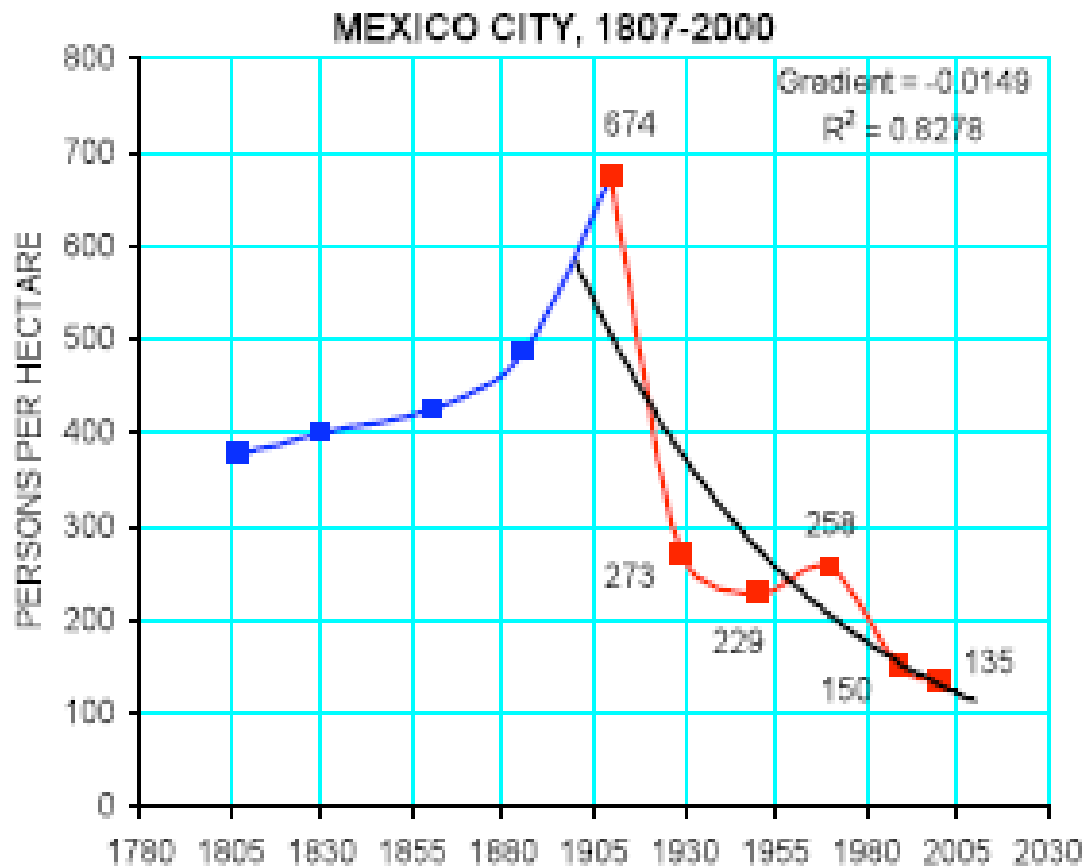
Density Change in Mexico City 1807 - 2000



Source: Angel et al. (2010)

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Density Change in Mexico City 1807 - 2000



“Persistent Decline in Urban Densities in LAC”:

Buenos Aires: 238 to 74

Guatemala: 186 to 76

Santiago: 225 to 102

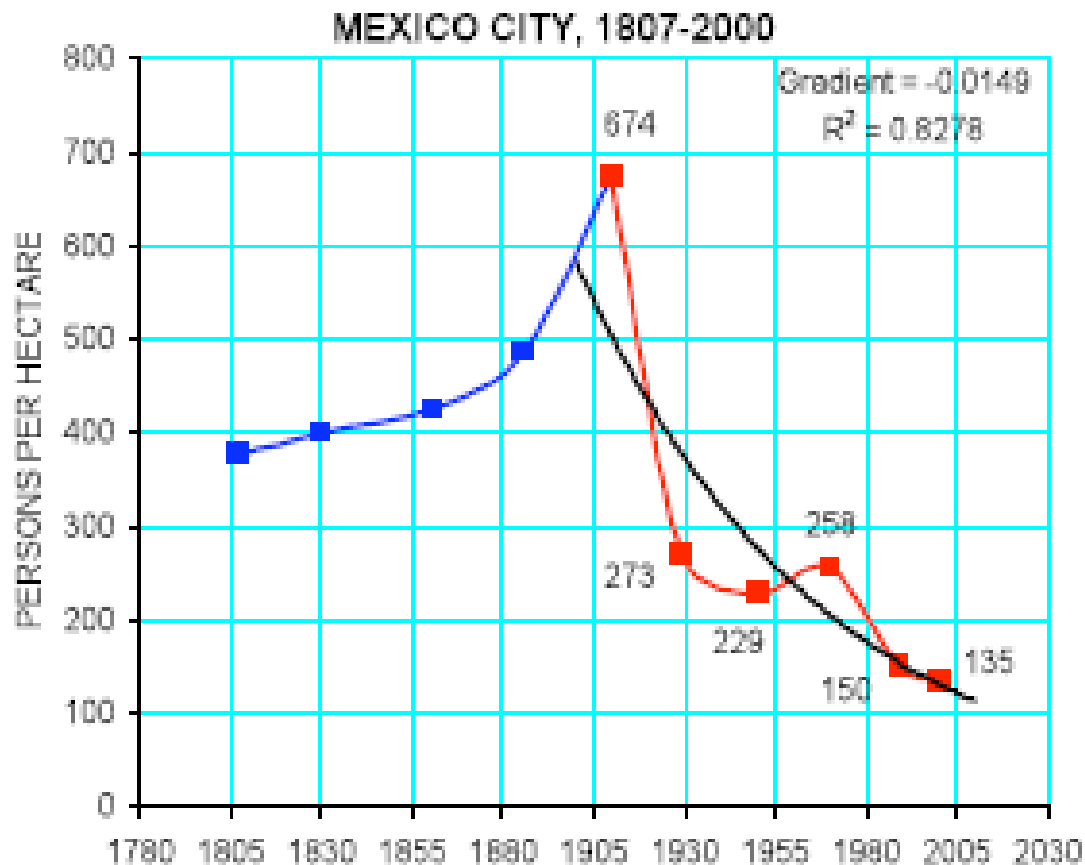
Sao Paulo: 192 to 88



Source: Angel et al. (2010)

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Density Change in Mexico City 1807 - 2000



“Persistent Decline in Urban Densities in LAC”:

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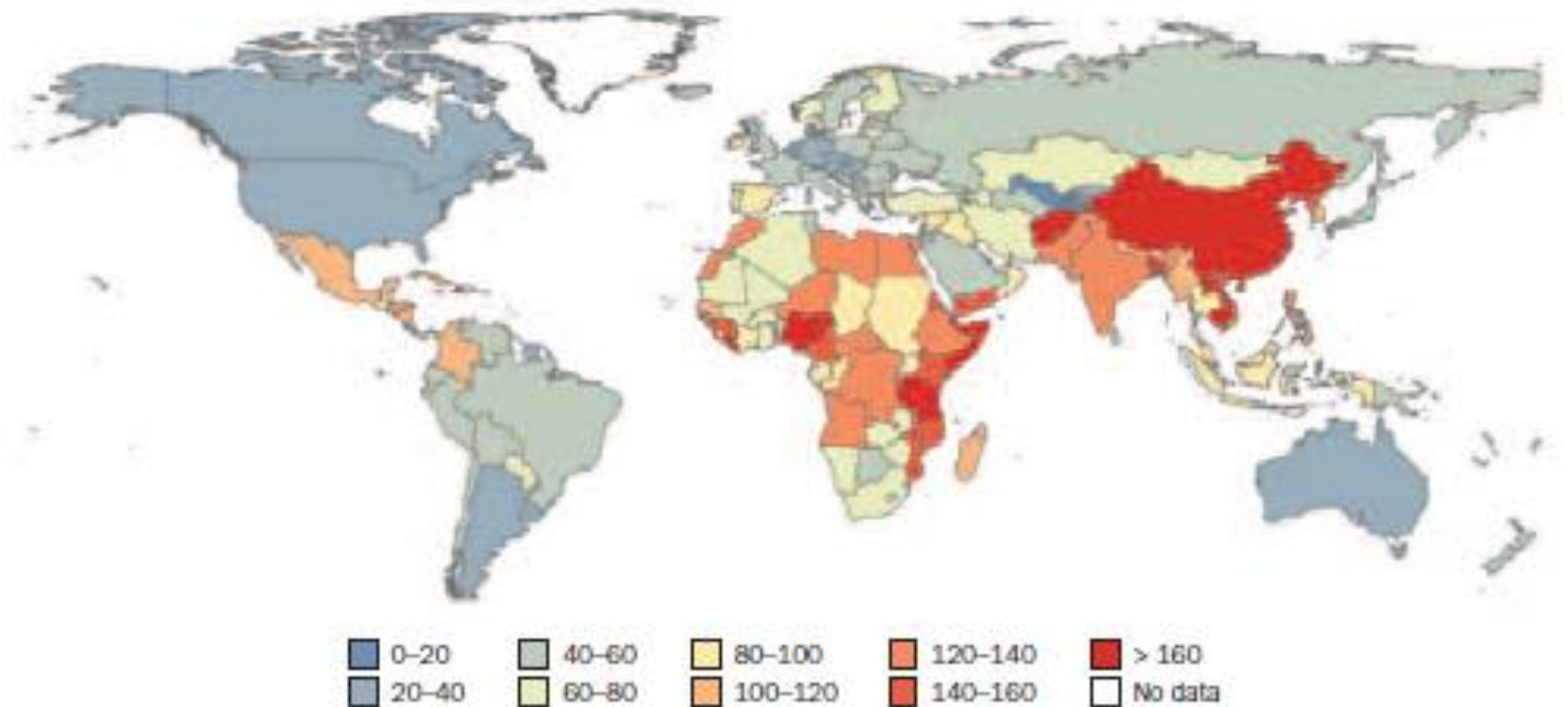
Average for 30 global cities: 416 to 102



Source: Angel et al. (2010)

1. Urban densities have been decreasing in the region...

Average Density in Large Cities (persons/ha) 2000



Source: Angel et al. (2010)

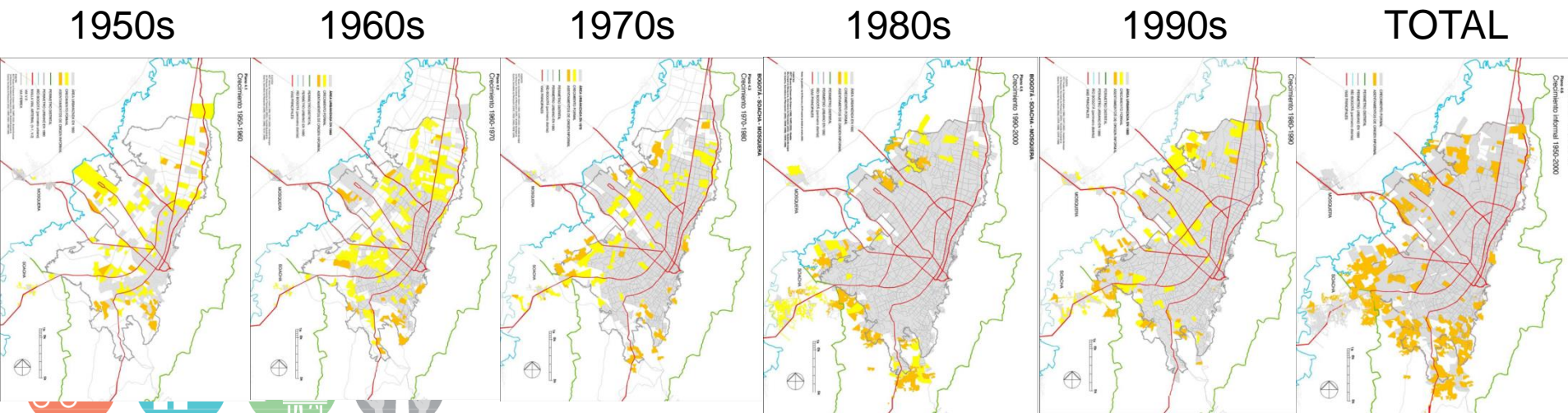
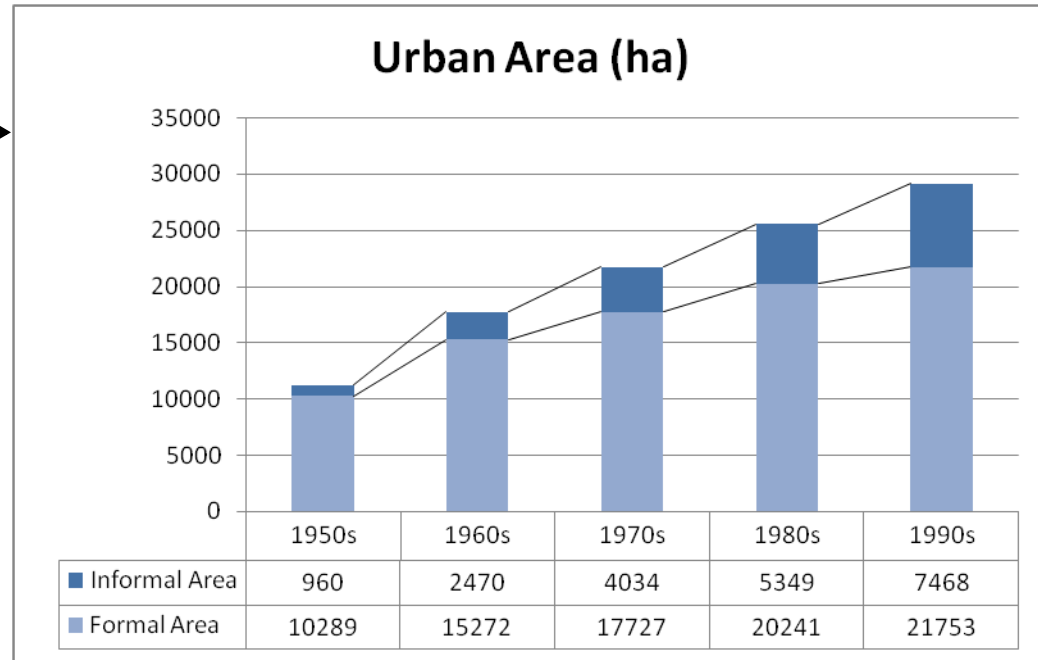
2. Informal Urbanization

Example from Bogota, Colombia:

• 7.468 ha of ~30.000 were informal settlements in 2000 →

Self-constructed housing lacking:

- Infrastructure,
- Public spaces,
- Social services,
- Property titles and
- Planning permissions

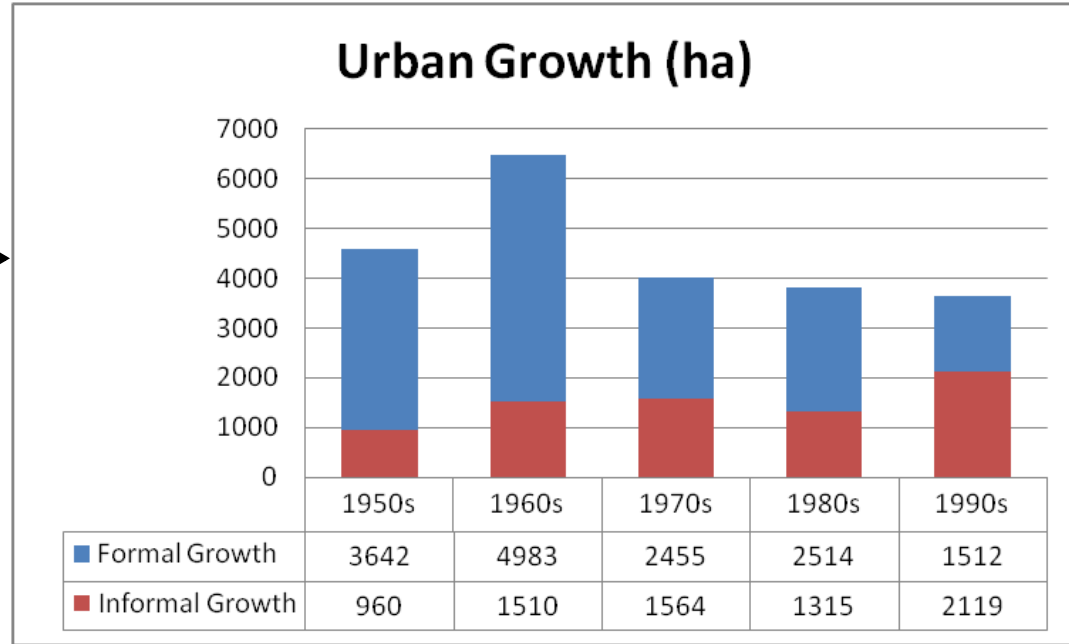


2. Informal Urbanization

The problem:

- 7.468 ha are informal settlements

- This is 33.1% of the urban growth 1950-2000 →



1950s

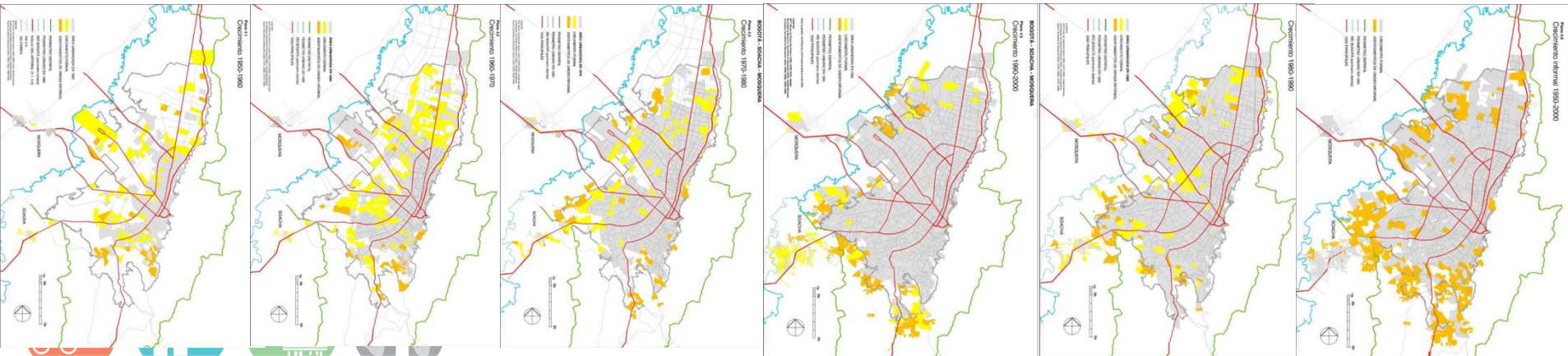
1960s

1970s

1980s

1990s

TOTAL



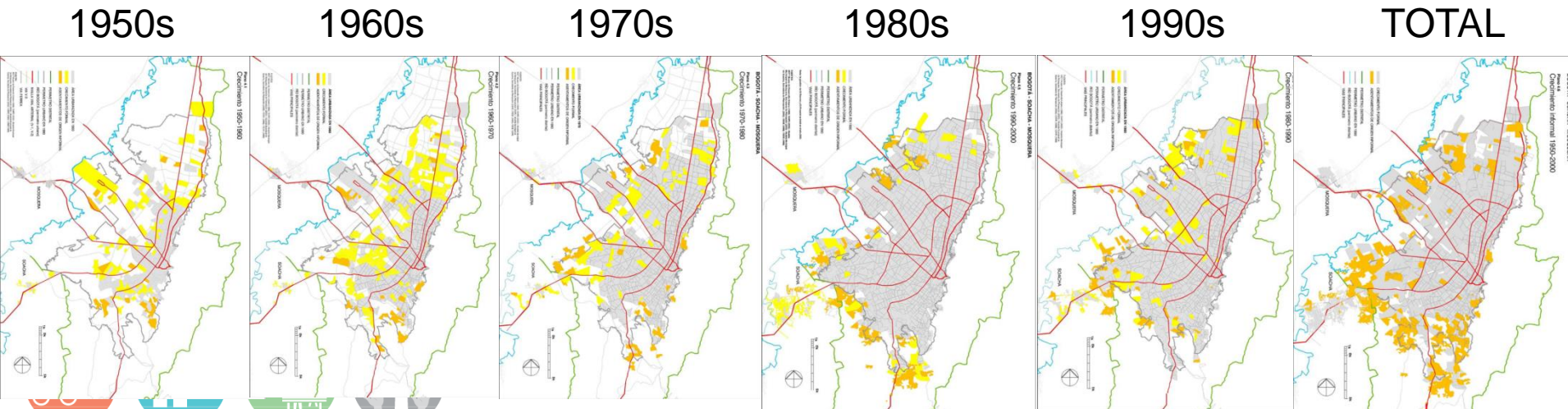
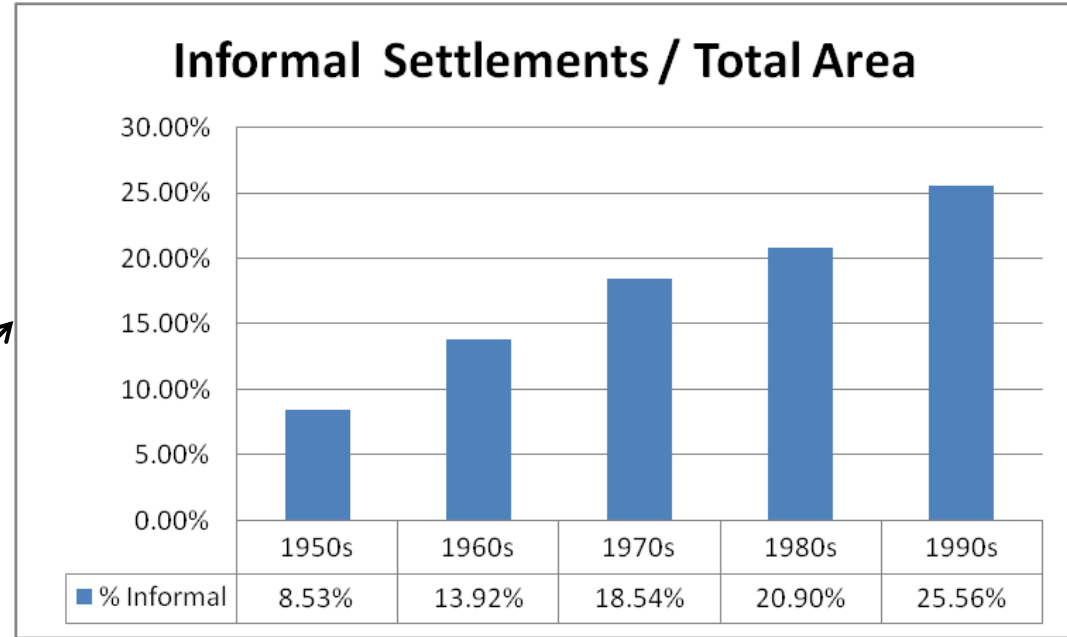
2. Informal Urbanization

The problem:

- 7.468 ha are informal settlements

- This is 33.1% of the urban growth 1950-2000

- And it is growing faster: from 8.5% of the total area in 1950 to 25.5% in 2000



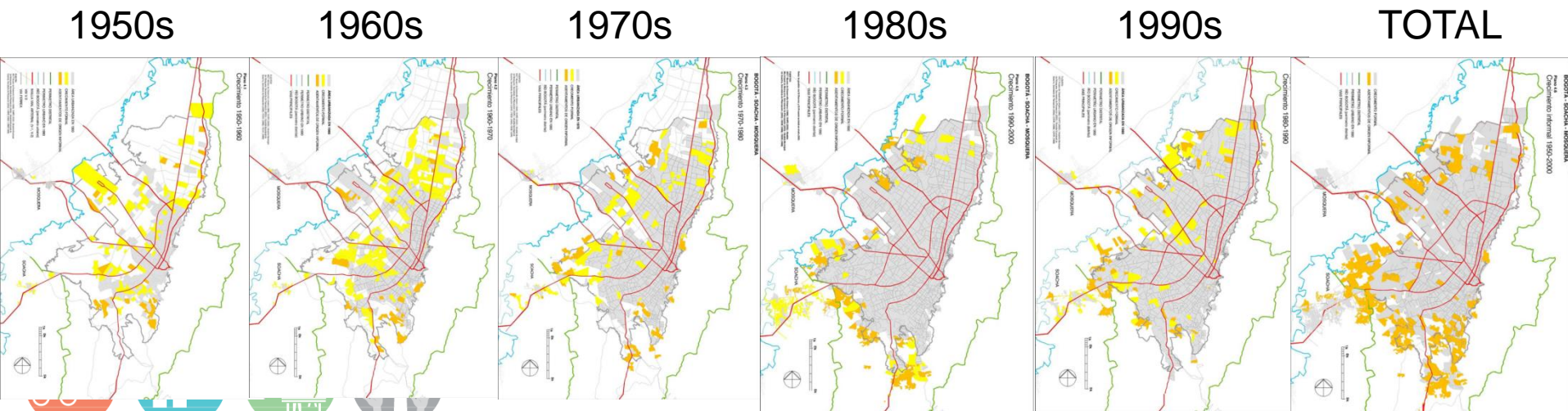
2. Informal Urbanization

The problem:

- 7.468 ha are informal settlements
- This is 33.1% of the urban growth 1950-2000
- And it is growing faster: from 8.5% of the total area in 1950 to 25.5% in 2000

Negative outcomes:

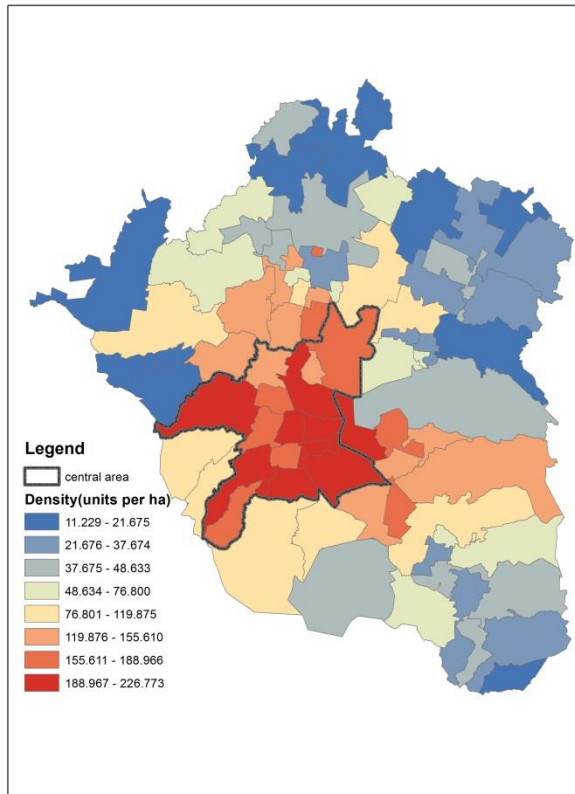
- Substandard housing,
- Inefficient land use patterns,
- Expensive curative policies,
- Spatial segregation,
- Urban sprawl,
- Discontinuous growth,
- Urbanization of zones of high risk



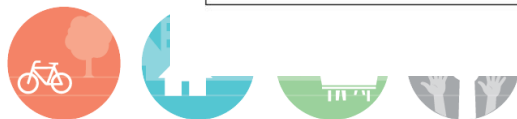
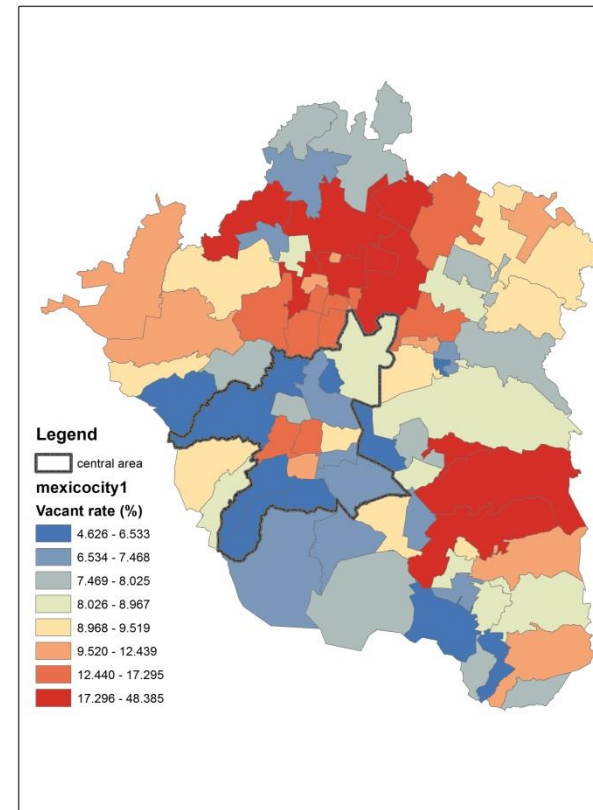
3. Important vacant formal stock in the periphery

Density and Vacant Housing in Mexico City's Metropolitan Area

DENSITY



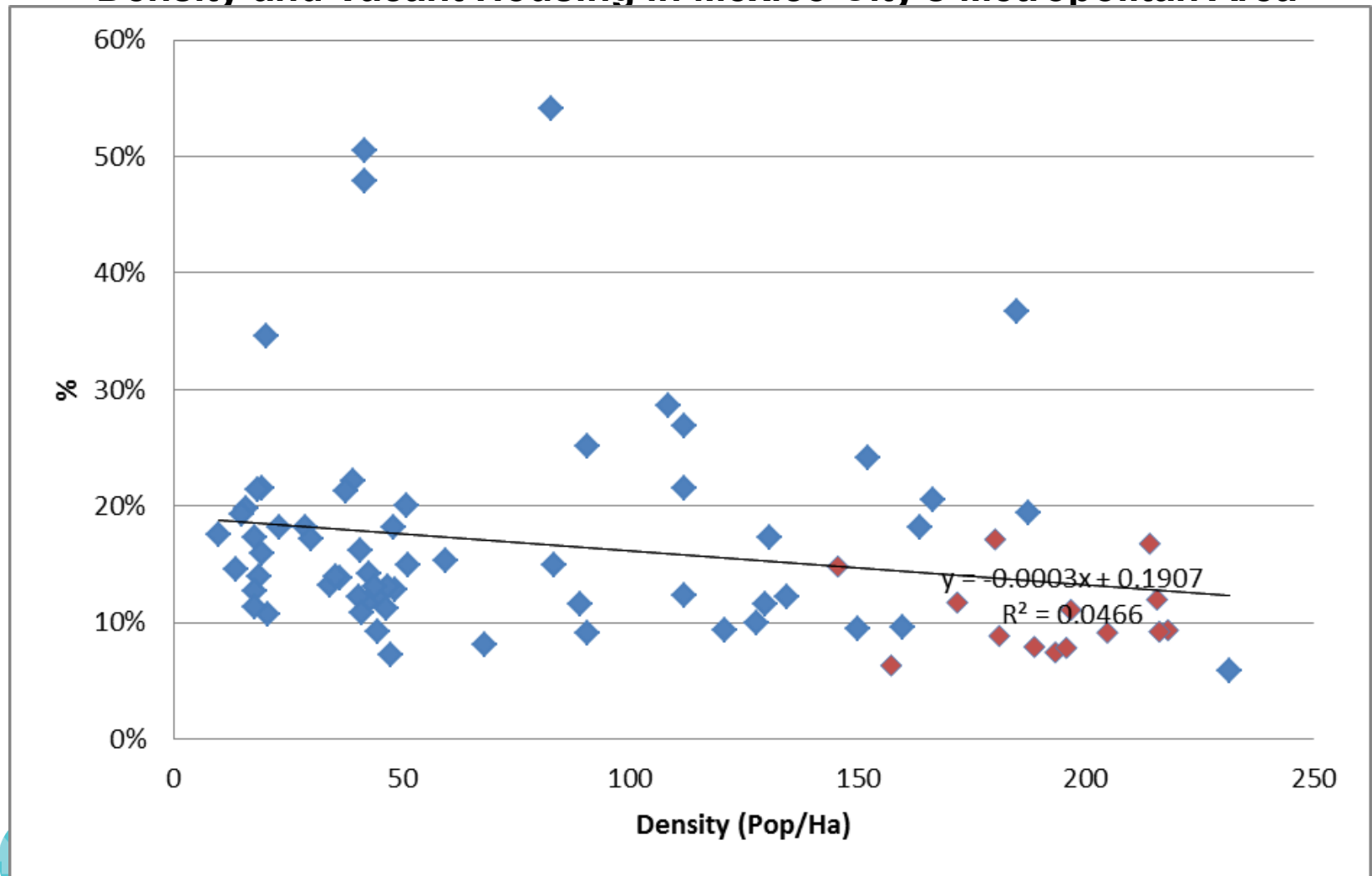
VACANT HOUSING



Source: Blanco, Fretes, Munoz (2014)

3. Important vacant formal stock in the periphery

Density and Vacant Housing in Mexico City's Metropolitan Area



Source: Blanco, Fretes, Munoz (2014)

3. Important vacant formal stock in the periphery



Source: Odette Maciel (2013)

4. Residential segregation

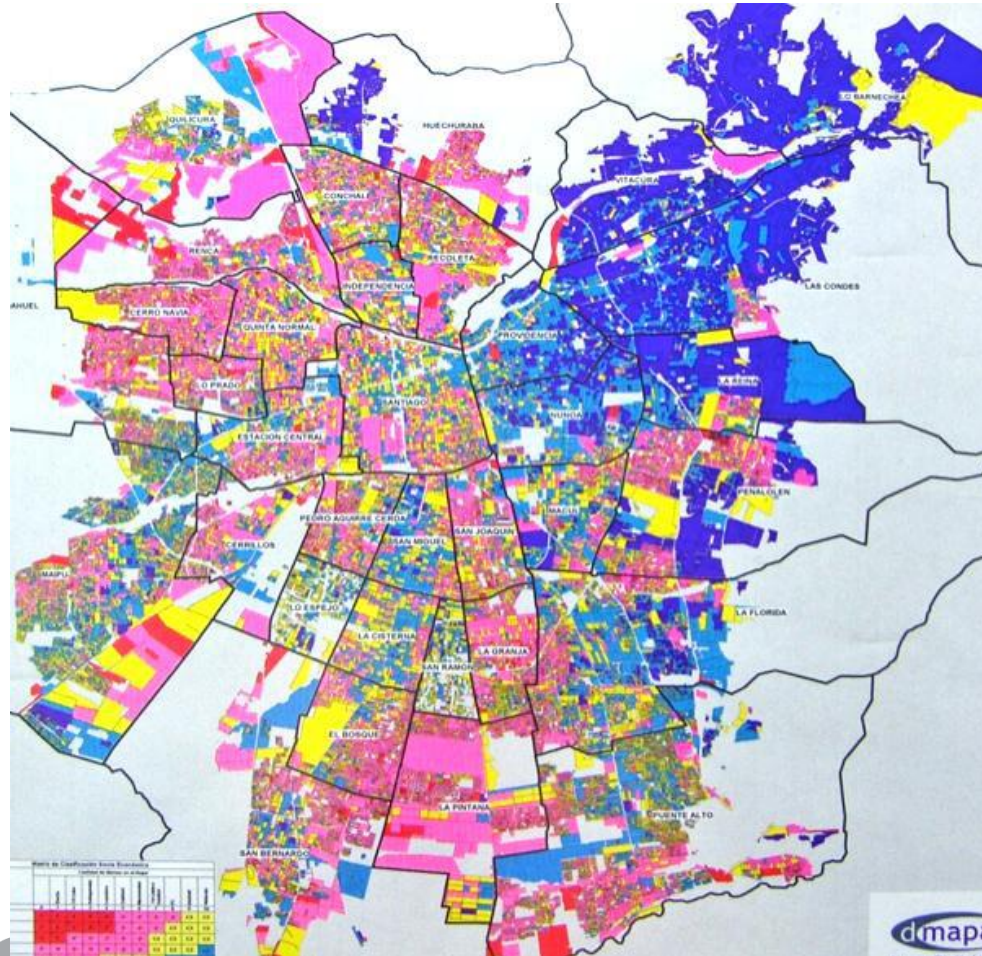
Example: Bajos de Mena, Santiago



Source: MINVU (2012)

4. Residential segregation

Income Distribution Santiago

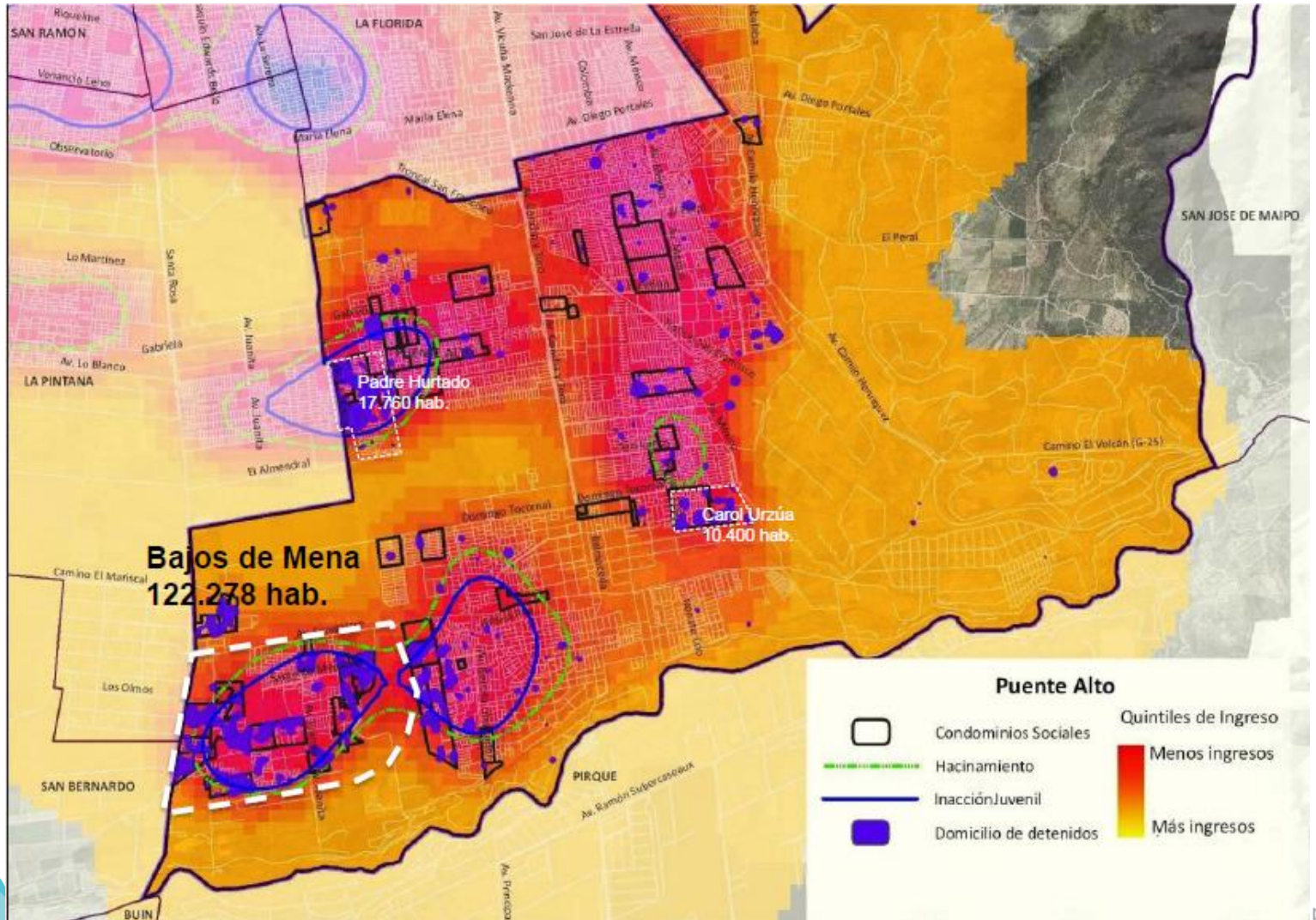


Source: Orrego (2014)



4. Residential segregation

Concentration of social problems

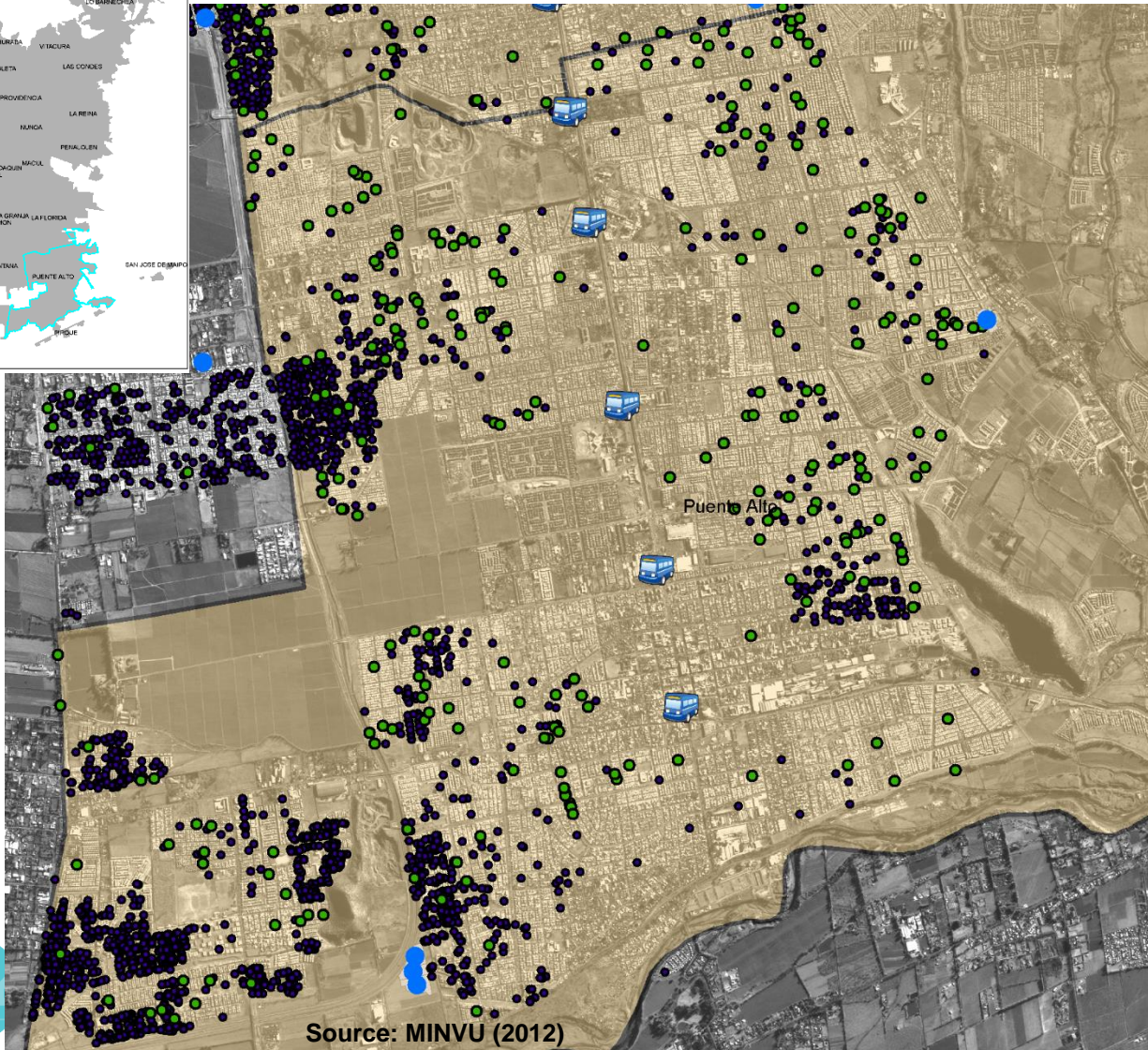
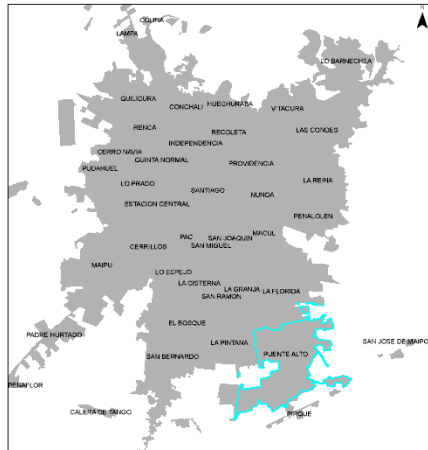


Source: MINVU (2012)



4. Residential segregation

Concentration of social housing



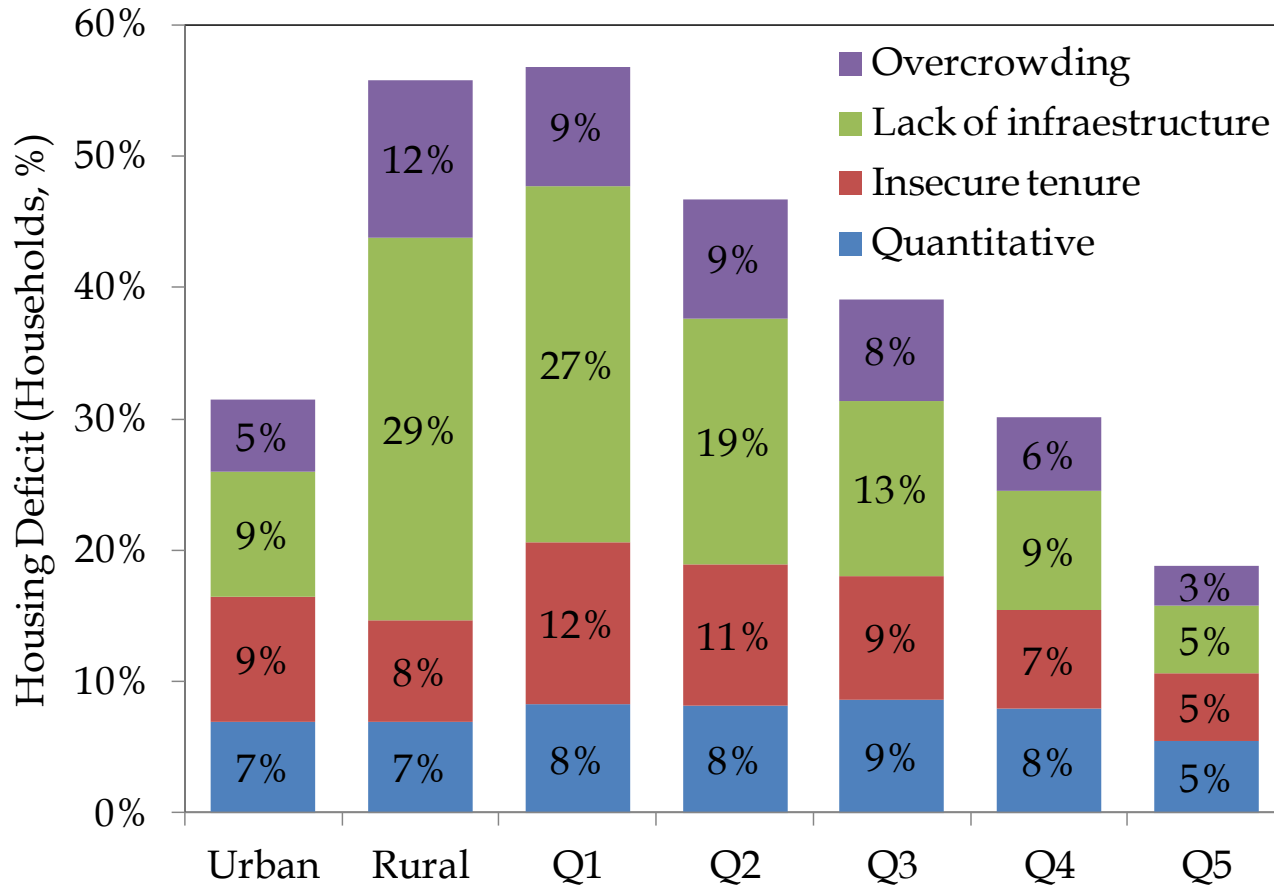
- Proyectos de Construcción (FSV)
- Subsidios de Adquisición de viviendas usadas (2007-2010) FSV
- Subsidios DS01 Título I (2012)

Source: MINVU (2012)



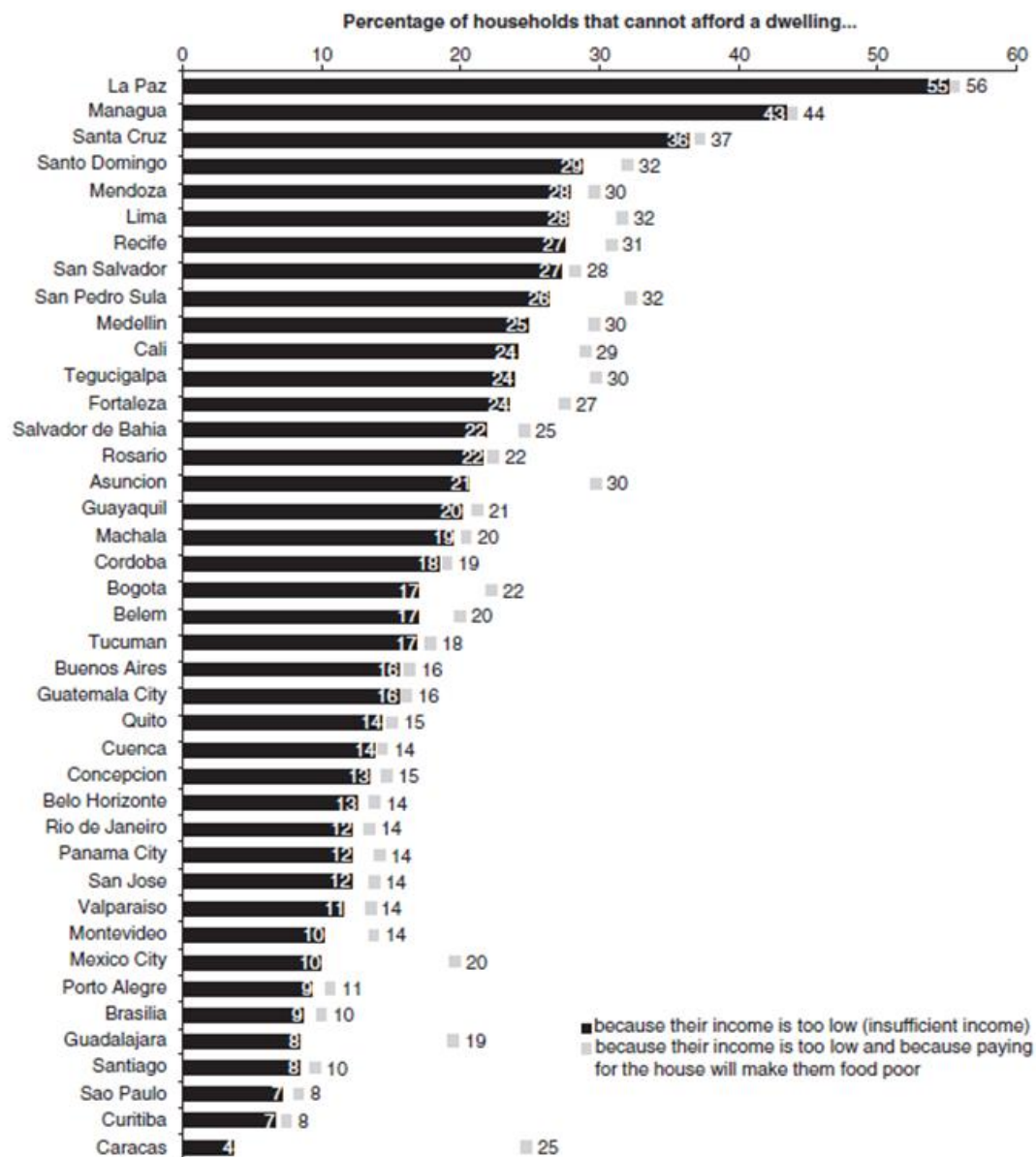
5. Deficit and unaffordability

Housing deficit in LAC* (2009)—Area & income quintile



Source: IDB (2012)

5. Deficit and unaffordability



Source: IDB (2012)



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